



TOWN OF NEWINGTON MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES' PENSION PLAN

**Actuarial Valuation as of July 1, 2019
To Determine Funding for Fiscal Year 2020-21**

Prepared by

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Certification

We have performed an actuarial valuation of the Plan as of July 1, 2019 to determine funding for fiscal year 2020-21. This report presents the results of our valuation.

The ultimate cost of a pension plan is the total amount needed to provide benefits for plan members and beneficiaries and to pay the expenses of administering the plan. Pension costs are met by contributions and by investment return on plan assets. The principal purpose of this report is to set forth an actuarial recommendation of the contribution, or range of contributions, which will properly fund the plan, in accordance with applicable government regulations. In addition, this report provides:

- A valuation of plan assets and liabilities to review the year-to-year progress of funding.
- Information needed to meet disclosure requirements.
- Review of plan experience for the previous year to ascertain whether the assumptions and methods employed for valuation purposes are reflective of actual events and remain appropriate for prospective application.
- Assessment of the relative funded position of the plan, i.e., through a comparison of plan assets and projected plan liabilities.
- Comments on any other matters which may be of assistance in the funding and operation of the plan.

This report may not be used for purposes other than those listed above without Milliman's prior written consent. If this report is distributed to other parties, it must be copied in its entirety, including this certification section.

Milliman's work is prepared solely for the internal business use of the Town of Newington ("Town"). To the extent that Milliman's work is not subject to disclosure under applicable public records laws, Milliman's work may not be provided to third parties without Milliman's prior written consent. Milliman does not intend to benefit or create a legal duty to any third party recipient of its work product. Milliman's consent to release its work product to any third party may be conditioned on the third party signing a Release, subject to the following exceptions: (a) the Town may provide a copy of Milliman's work, in its entirety, to the Town's professional service advisors who are subject to a duty of confidentiality and who agree to not use Milliman's work for any purpose other than to benefit the Town; and (b) the Town may provide a copy of Milliman's work, in its entirety, to other governmental entities, as required by law. No third party recipient of Milliman's work product should rely upon Milliman's work product. Such recipients should engage qualified professionals for advice appropriate to their own specific needs.

In preparing this report, we relied on employee census data and financial information as of the valuation date, furnished by the Town. We performed a limited review of the data used directly in our analysis for reasonableness and consistency and have found them to be reasonably consistent and comparable with data used for other purposes. If the underlying data or information is inaccurate or incomplete, the results of our analysis may likewise be inaccurate or incomplete and our calculations may need to be revised. If there are material defects in the data, it is possible that they would be uncovered by a detailed, systematic review and comparison of the data to search for data values that are questionable or for relationships that are materially inconsistent. Such a review was beyond the scope of our assignment.

Certification

The calculations reported herein have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of ERISA and the related sections of the tax code. Additional determinations may be needed for purposes other than meeting funding requirements, such as judging benefit security at plan termination or meeting employer accounting requirements. On the basis of the foregoing, we hereby certify that, to the best of our knowledge, this report is complete and accurate and all costs and liabilities were determined in conformance with generally accepted actuarial principles and practices.

We further certify that, in our opinion, each actuarial assumption, method and technique used is reasonable taking into account the experience of the Plan and reasonable expectations. Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to factors such as, but not limited to, the following: plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the plan's funded status); and changes in plan provisions or applicable law. Due to the limited scope of the actuarial assignment, we did not perform an analysis of the potential range of such future measurement.

The consultants who worked on this assignment are pension actuaries. Milliman's advice is not intended to be a substitute for qualified legal or accounting counsel.

We are members of the American Academy of Actuaries and meet the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries to render the actuarial opinion contained herein.



Rebecca A. Sielman, FSA
Consulting Actuary

Section I - Executive Summary Changes Since the Prior Valuation

Plan Changes

None.

Changes in Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

This valuation reflects the adoption of the PUB-2010 mortality table with generational projection of future improvements in longevity per the MP Ultimate table. In addition, the interest rate assumption was lowered from 7.00% to 6.875%. These changes increased the Accrued Liability by about \$3,681,000 and increased the Actuarially Determined Contribution by about \$321,000.

The method for calculating the Actuarially Determined Contribution was revised to include interest to reflect the one-year lag between the valuation date and when the contribution is expected to be paid. This change did not impact the Unfunded Accrued Liability and increased the Actuarially Determined Contribution by about \$155,000.

Other Significant Changes

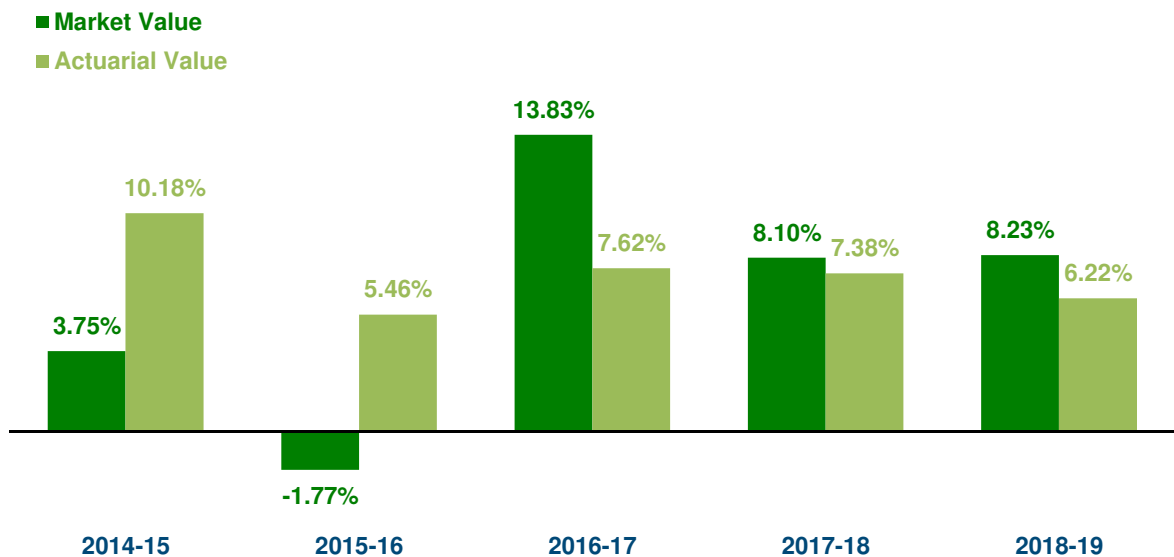
None.

Section I - Executive Summary Assets

There are two different measures of the plan's assets that are used throughout this report. The Market Value is a snapshot of the plan's investments as of the valuation date. The Actuarial Value is a smoothed asset value designed to temper the volatile fluctuations in the market by recognizing investment gains or losses asymptotically over five years.

	Market	Actuarial
Value as of July 1, 2018	\$24,876,760	\$24,845,362
Town and Member Contributions	2,003,313	2,003,313
Investment Income	2,008,984	1,514,820
Benefit Payments and Administrative Expenses	(2,958,253)	(2,958,253)
Value as of July 1, 2019	25,930,804	25,405,242

For fiscal year 2018-19, the plan's assets earned 8.23% on a Market Value basis and 6.22% on an Actuarial Value basis. The actuarial assumption for this period was 7.00%; the result is an asset gain of about \$300,200 on a Market Value basis and a loss of about \$190,000 on an Actuarial Value basis. Historical rates of return are shown in the graph below.

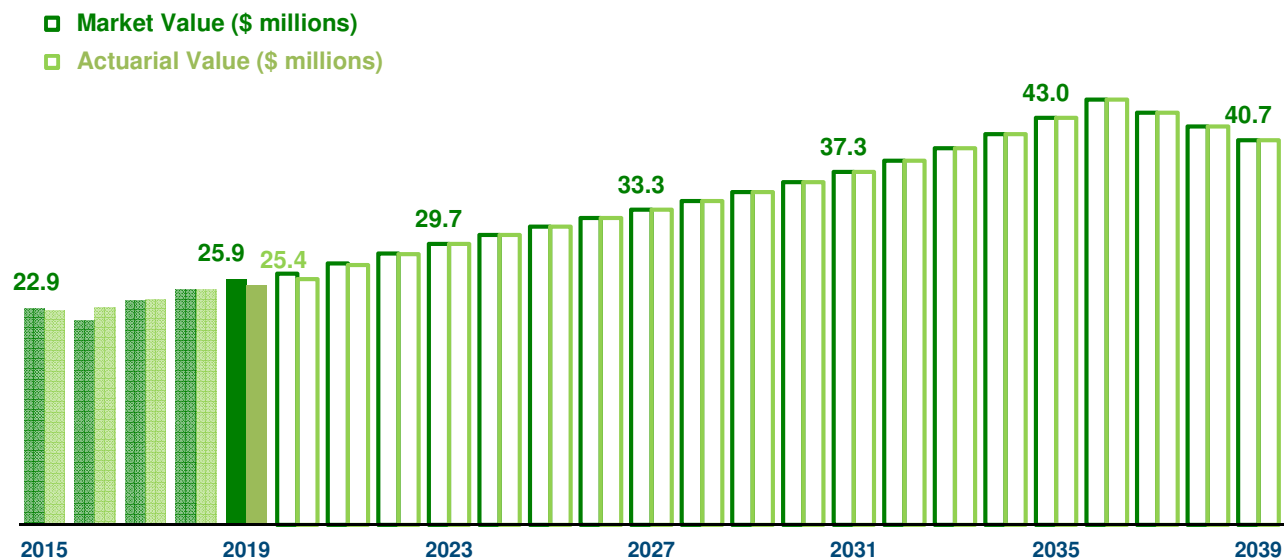


Please note that the Actuarial Value currently is less than the Market Value by \$525,600. This figure represents investment gains that will be gradually recognized in future years. This process will exert downward pressure on the Town's contribution, unless there are offsetting market losses.

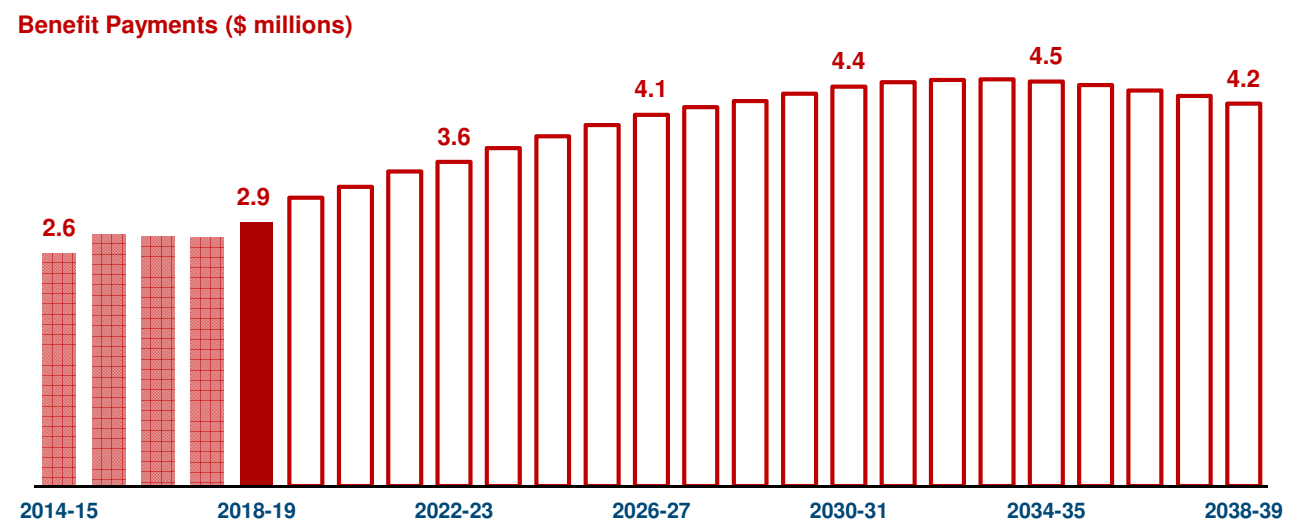
Section I - Executive Summary

Assets (continued)

The graph below shows how this year's asset values compare to where the plan's assets have been over the past several years and how they are projected to change over the next 20 years. For purposes of this projection, we have assumed that the Town always contributes the Actuarially Determined Contribution and the investments always earn the assumed interest rate each year.



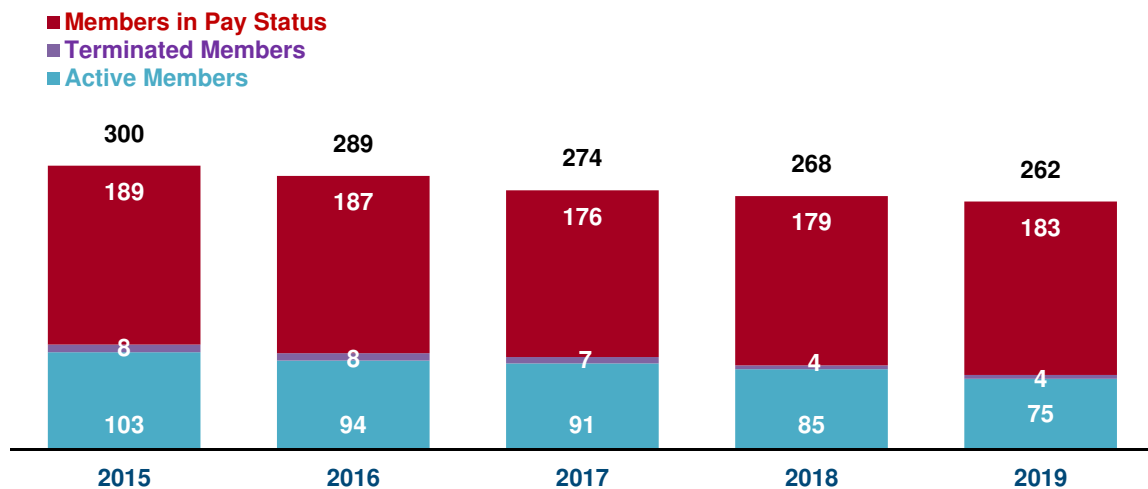
In 2018-19, the plan paid out \$2,930,700 in benefits to members. Over the next 20 years, the plan is projected to pay out a total of \$82,108,000 in benefits to members.



Section I - Executive Summary

Membership

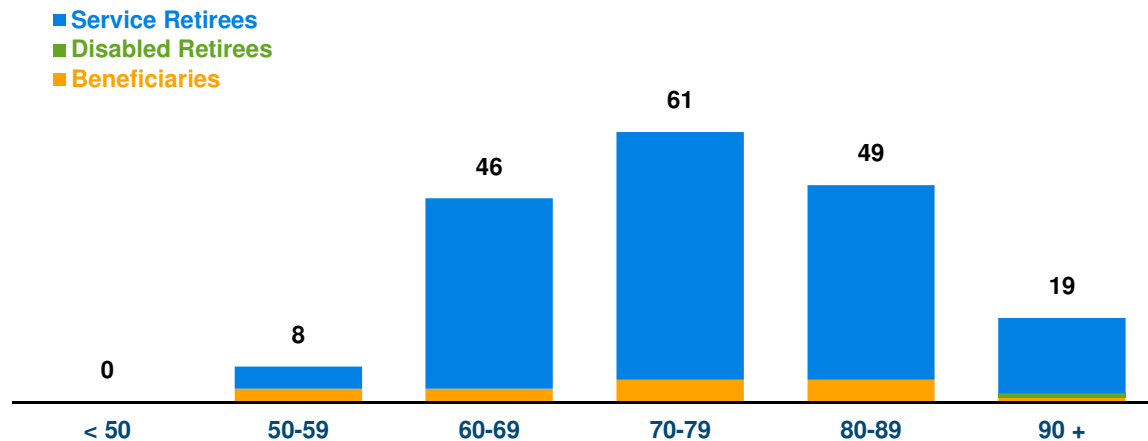
There are three basic categories of plan members included in the valuation: (1) members who are receiving monthly pension benefits, (2) former employees who have a vested right to benefits but have not yet started collecting, and (3) active employees who have met the eligibility requirements for membership.



Members in Pay Status on July 1, 2019

Service Retirees	165	Average Age	75.9
Disabled Retirees	1	Total Annual Benefit	\$3,016,028
Beneficiaries	17	Average Annual Benefit	16,481
Total	183		

The members in pay status fall across a wide distribution of ages:



Section I - Executive Summary

Membership (continued)

Terminated Vested Members on July 1, 2019

Count	4
Average Age	53.8
Total Annual Benefit	\$49,860
Average Annual Benefit	12,465

Nonvested Members Due Refunds on July 1, 2019

Count	0
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Active Members on July 1, 2019

Count	75
Average Age	57.5
Average Service	21.8
Payroll	\$5,437,457
Average Payroll	72,499

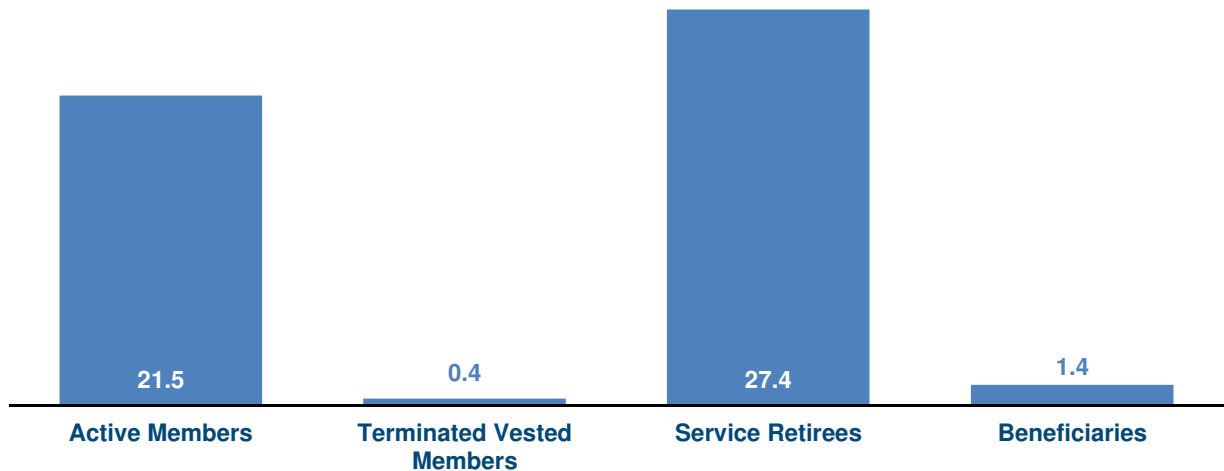
The table below illustrates the age and years of service of the active membership:

Age	Years of Service							Total
	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30+	
< 25								0
25-29								0
30-34								0
35-39			2					2
40-44			1	1	1			3
45-49			1	2	2			5
50-54			4	3	2	2	1	12
55-59			3	7	6	4	5	25
60-64			6	3	4		2	15
65+			4	3	3	2	1	13
Total	0	0	21	19	18	8	9	75

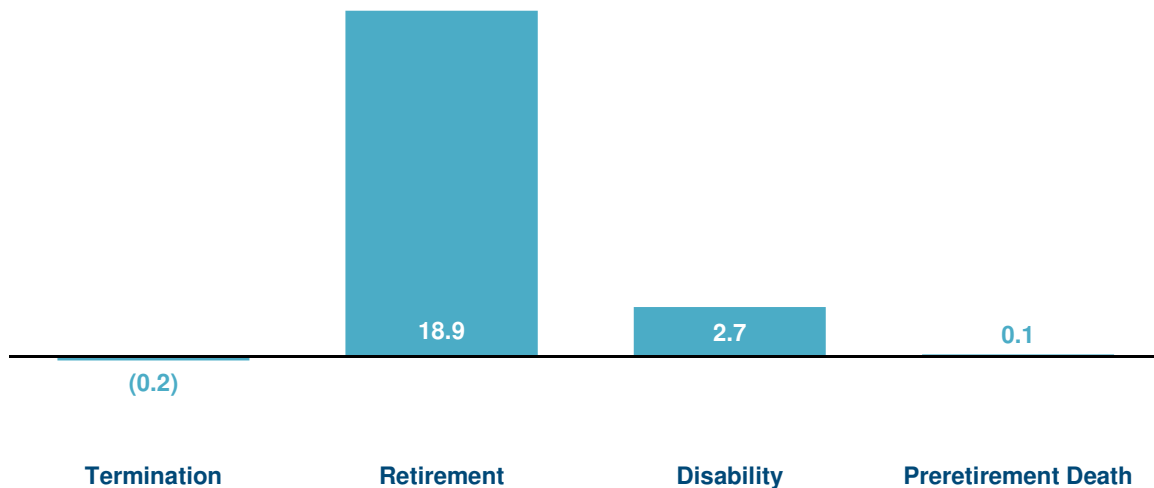
Section I - Executive Summary

Accrued Liability

The Accrued Liability as of July 1, 2019 is \$50,748,114, which consists of the following pieces (in \$ millions):



The Accrued Liability for active members can be broken down further by the different types of benefits provided by the plan:

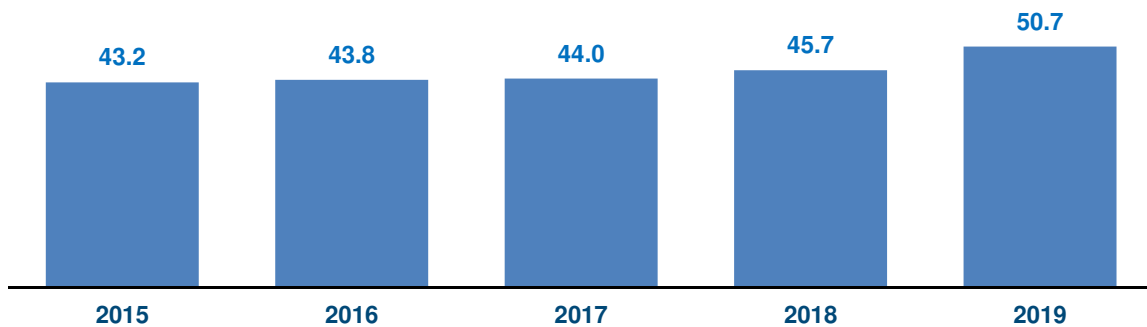


Section I - Executive Summary

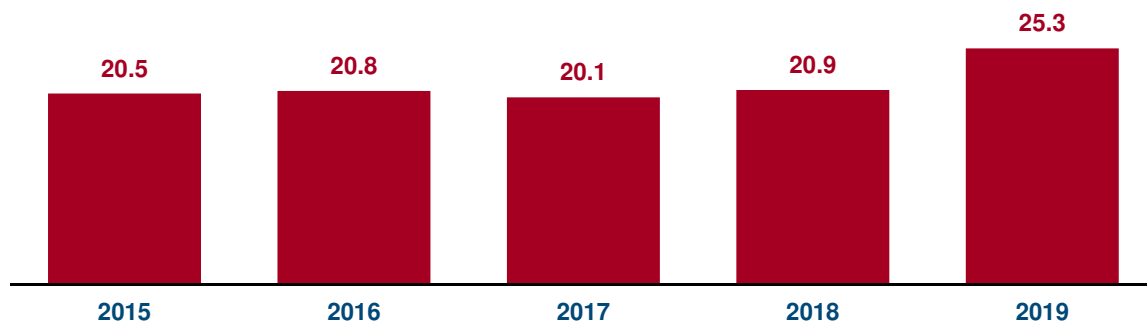
Funded Status

The Accrued Liability grows over time as active members earn additional benefits, and goes down over time as members receive benefits; it may also change when there are changes to the plan provisions or changes in the actuarial assumptions. The Unfunded Accrued Liability is the dollar difference between the Accrued Liability and the Actuarial Value of Assets; the Funded Ratio is the ratio of the two.

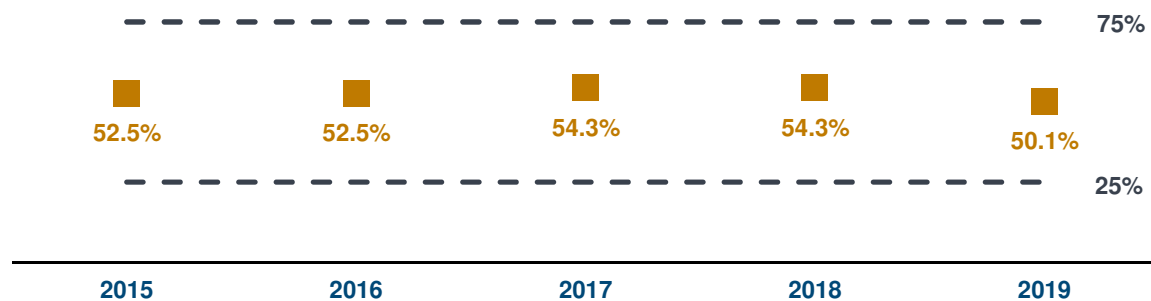
Accrued Liability (\$ millions)



Unfunded Accrued Liability (\$ millions)



Funded Ratio

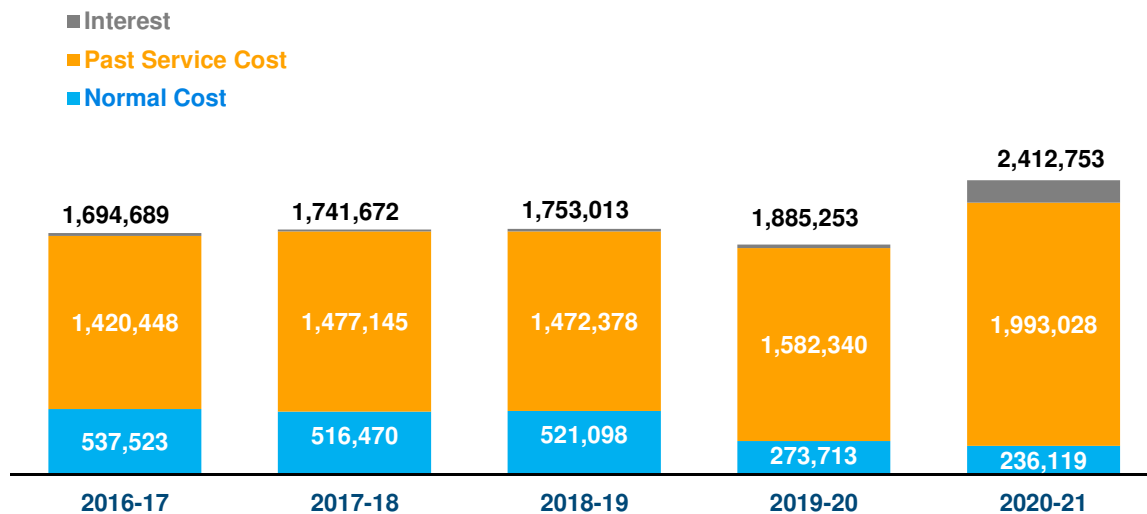


Section I - Executive Summary

Actuarially Determined Contribution

The Actuarially Determined Contribution consists of three pieces: a Normal Cost payment to fund the benefits earned each year, a Past Service Cost to gradually reduce any unfunded or surplus liability, and Interest to reflect the timing of the contribution relative to the valuation date.

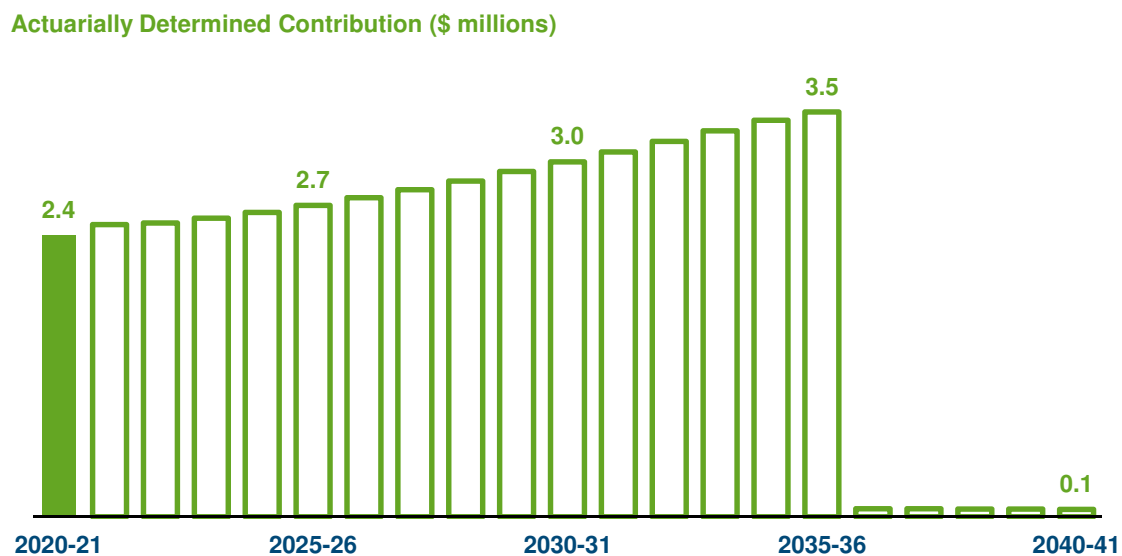
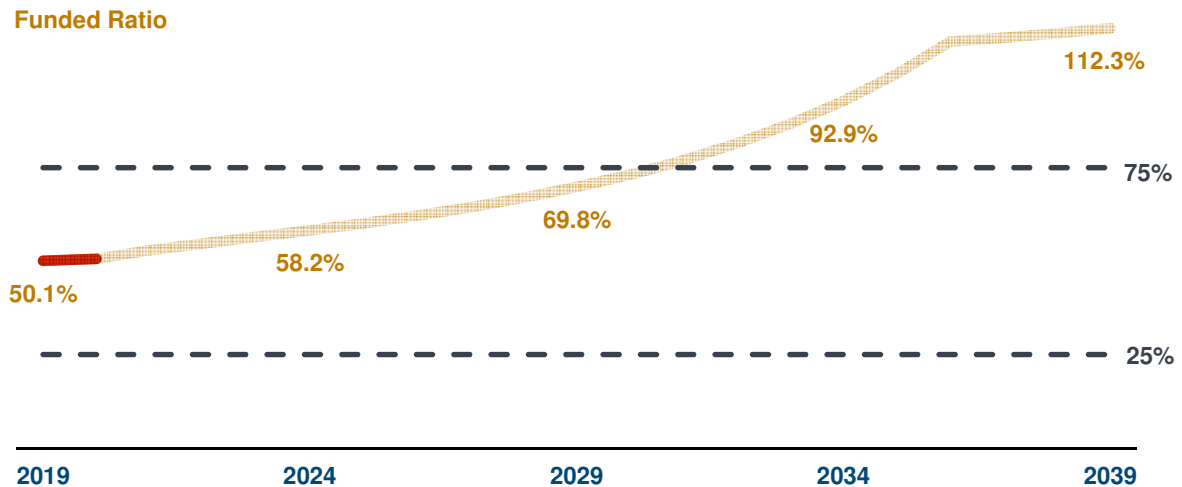
The Actuarially Determined Contribution for fiscal year 2020-21 is shown graphically below, along with the comparable figures for the preceding four fiscal years. Note that the Normal Cost is relatively consistent from year to year, whereas the Past Service Cost tends to be more volatile since it reflects the impact of asset performance.



Section I - Executive Summary

Long-Range Forecast

If the Town pays the Actuarially Determined Contribution each year, the investments earn exactly the assumed interest rate each year, and there are no changes in the plan provisions or in the actuarial methods and assumptions, then we project the following changes in the plan's funded status and the long-range contribution levels:

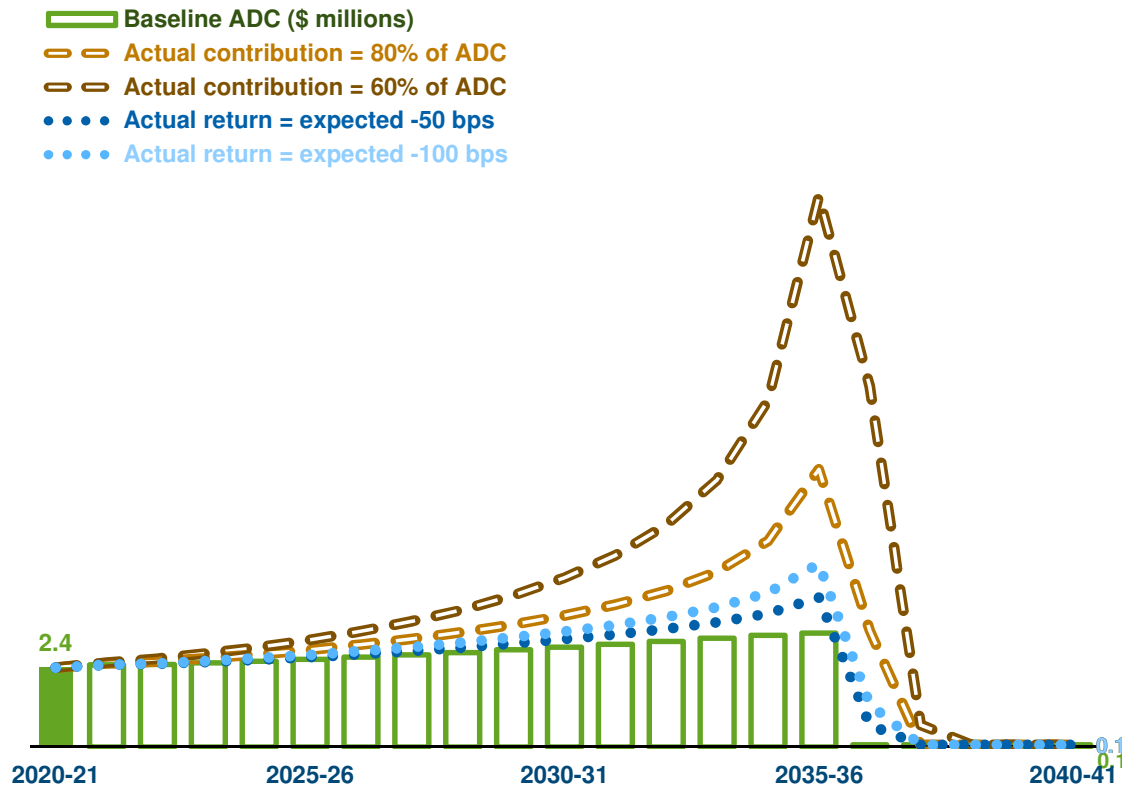


To the extent that there are future investment or liability gains or losses, changes in the actuarial assumptions or methods, or plan changes, the actual valuation results will differ from these forecasts. Please see Section III C for more details of the long range forecast.

Section I - Executive Summary

Long-Range Forecast (continued)

Pension benefits are paid for through a combination of contributions from the Town and from employees, and from investment income. If the Town pays less than the Actuarially Determined Contribution each year, or if the investments persistently earn less than the assumed interest rate, then the plan's funded status would suffer, and to compensate, the Town's contribution levels would be pushed higher. The risks of underfunding and underearning are illustrated in the hypothetical scenarios below:



The scenarios illustrated above are based on deterministic projections that assume emerging plan experience always exactly matches the actuarial assumptions; in particular that actual asset returns will be constant in every year of the projection period. Variation in asset returns, contribution amounts, and many other factors may have a significant impact on the long-term financial health of the plan, the liquidity constraints on plan assets, and the Town's future contribution levels. Stochastic projections could be prepared that would enable the Town to understand the potential range of future results based on the expected variability in asset returns and other factors. Such analysis was beyond the scope of this engagement.

Section I - Executive Summary Summary of Principal Results

Membership as of	July 1, 2018	July 1, 2019
Active Members	85	75
Terminated Members	4	4
Members in Pay Status	<u>179</u>	<u>183</u>
Total Count	268	262
Payroll	\$5,803,253	\$5,437,457
Assets and Liabilities as of	July 1, 2018	July 1, 2019
Market Value of Assets	\$24,876,760	\$25,930,804
Actuarial Value of Assets	24,845,362	25,405,242
Accrued Liability for Active Members	20,012,367	21,457,351
Accrued Liability for Terminated Members	397,568	449,222
Accrued Liability for Members in Pay Status	<u>25,325,993</u>	<u>28,841,541</u>
Total Accrued Liability	45,735,928	50,748,114
Unfunded Accrued Liability	20,890,566	25,342,872
Funded Ratio	54.3%	50.1%
Actuarially Determined Contribution for Fiscal Year	2019-20	2020-21
Normal Cost	\$273,713	\$236,119
Past Service Cost	1,582,340	1,993,028
Interest	<u>29,200</u>	<u>183,606</u>
Actuarially Determined Contribution	1,885,253	2,412,753
Breakdown of Actuarially Determined Contribution		
Board of Education	\$1,014,573	\$1,347,470
Town	<u>870,680</u>	<u>1,065,283</u>
Total	1,885,253	2,412,753

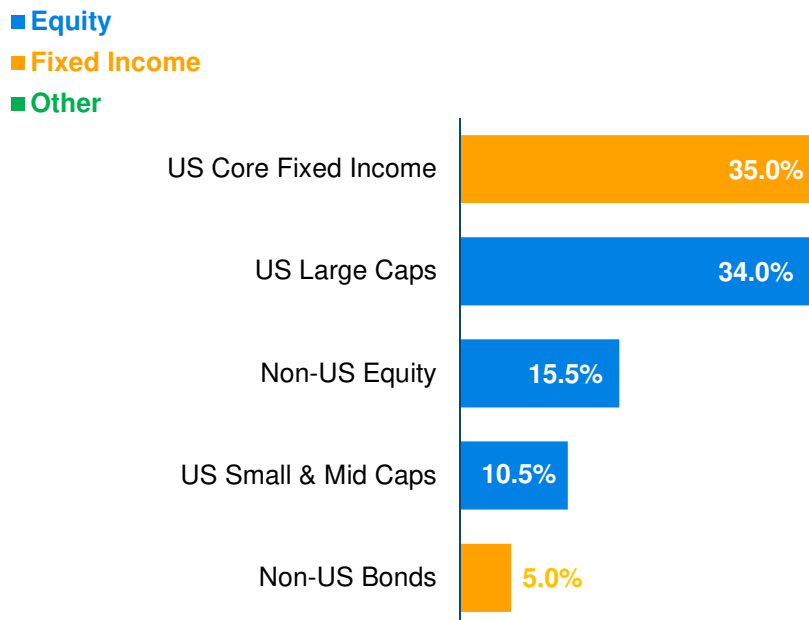
Section II - Plan Assets

A. Summary of Fund Transactions

Market Value as of July 1, 2018	\$24,876,760
Town Contributions	1,753,013
Member Contributions	250,300
Net Investment Income	2,008,984
Benefit Payments	(2,930,719)
Administrative Expenses	(27,534)
Market Value as of June 30, 2019	25,930,804
Expected Return on Market Value of Assets	1,708,735
Market Value (Gain)/Loss	(300,249)
Approximate Rate of Return *	8.23%

* The rate shown here is not the dollar or time weighted investment yield rate which measures investment performance. It is an approximate net return assuming all activity occurred on average midway through the fiscal year.

Target Asset Allocation as of June 30, 2019



Section II - Plan Assets

B. Development of Actuarial Value of Assets

In order to minimize the impact of market fluctuations on the contribution level, we use an Actuarial Value of Assets that recognizes gains and losses asymptotically over a five year period. The Actuarial Value of Assets as of July 1, 2019 is determined below.

1.	Expected Market Value of Assets:	
a.	Market Value of Assets as of July 1, 2018	\$24,876,760
b.	Town and Member Contributions	2,003,313
c.	Benefit Payments and Administrative Expenses	(2,958,253)
d.	Expected Earnings Based on 7.00% Interest	<u>1,708,735</u>
e.	Expected Market Value of Assets as of July 1, 2019	25,630,555
2.	Actual Market Value of Assets as of July 1, 2019	25,930,804
3.	Market Value (Gain)/Loss: (1e) - (2)	(300,249)
4.	Delayed Recognition of Market (Gains)/Losses:	
	Plan Year End	(Gain)/Loss
	06/30/2019	(\$300,249)
	06/30/2018	(228,120)
	06/30/2017	(1,397,733)
	06/30/2016	2,053,011
		Percent Not Recognized
		80%
		60%
		40%
		20%
		Amount Not Recognized
		(\$240,199)
		(136,872)
		(559,093)
		<u>410,602</u>
		(525,562)
5.	Actuarial Value of Assets as of July 1, 2019: (2) + (4)	25,405,242
6.	Approximate Rate of Return on Actuarial Value of Assets	6.22%
7.	Actuarial Value (Gain)/Loss	189,961

Section III - Development of Contribution

A. Past Service Cost

In determining the Past Service Cost, the Unfunded Accrued Liability is amortized as a level percent over a closed period of 30 years starting on July 1, 2005.

	July 1, 2018	July 1, 2019
1. Accrued Liability		
Active Members	\$20,012,367	\$21,457,351
Terminated Members	397,568	449,222
Service Retirees	24,005,073	27,426,045
Disabled Retirees	15,392	15,848
Beneficiaries	<u>1,305,528</u>	<u>1,399,648</u>
Total Accrued Liability	45,735,928	50,748,114
2. Actuarial Value of Assets (see Section IIB)	24,845,362	25,405,242
3. Unfunded Accrued Liability: (1) - (2)	20,890,566	25,342,872
4. Funded Ratio: (2) / (1)	54.3%	50.1%
5. Amortization Period	17	16
6. Amortization Growth Rate	3.50%	3.50%
7. Past Service Cost: (3) amortized over (5)	1,582,340	1,993,028

Section III - Development of Contribution

B. Actuarially Determined Contribution

	2019-20	2020-21
1. Total Normal Cost	\$518,774	\$468,027
2. Expected Member Contributions	245,061	231,908
3. Expected Administrative Expenses	29,200	28,400
4. Town Normal Cost: (1) - (2) + (3)	273,713	236,119
5. Past Service Cost (see Section IIIA)	1,582,340	1,993,028
6. Interest on (4) + (5) to beginning of fiscal year	0	155,206
7. Actuarially Determined Contribution: (4) + (5) + (6)	1,885,253	2,412,753
8. Actuarially Determined Contribution as a Percent of Payroll	32.5%	44.4%
9. Allocation of Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC) based on the Accrued Liability for active members:		
a. Accrued liability for active Board of Education members	10,769,914	11,983,465
b. Accrued liability for active Town members	9,242,453	9,473,886
c. Total accrued liability for active members	20,012,367	21,457,351
d. ADC allocated to Board of Education: (7) x (9a) / (9c)	1,014,573	1,347,470
e. ADC allocated to Town: (7) x (9b) / (9c)	870,680	1,065,283

Section III - Development of Contribution

C. Long Range Forecast

This forecast is based on the results of the July 1, 2019 actuarial valuation and assumes that the Town will pay the Actuarially Determined Contribution each year, the assets will return the assumed interest rate on a market value basis each year, and there are no future changes in the actuarial methods or assumptions or in the plan provisions. For purposes of this forecast the amortization period declines to 1 year to illustrate the progress of the plan towards becoming fully funded; in actual practice the amortization period will not be less than 10 years in order to shield the Town from contribution volatility. Actual results at each point in time will yield different values, reflecting the actual experience of the plan membership and assets.

Valuation Date	Values as of the Valuation Date				Fiscal Year	Cash Flows Projected to the Following Fiscal Year			
	Accrued Liability	Actuarial Value of Assets	Unfunded Accrued Liability	Funded Ratio		Town Contributions	Member Contributions	Benefit Payments	Net Cash Flows
7/1/2019	\$50,748,114	\$25,405,242	\$25,342,872	50.1%	2020-21	\$2,412,753	\$216,759	(\$3,322,966)	(\$693,454)
7/1/2020	51,415,000	26,010,000	25,405,000	50.6%	2021-22	2,505,000	197,000	(3,493,000)	(791,000)
7/1/2021	51,964,000	27,474,000	24,490,000	52.9%	2022-23	2,517,000	184,000	(3,600,000)	(899,000)
7/1/2022	52,326,000	28,631,000	23,695,000	54.7%	2023-24	2,559,000	168,000	(3,754,000)	(1,027,000)
7/1/2023	52,568,000	29,703,000	22,865,000	56.5%	2024-25	2,609,000	152,000	(3,886,000)	(1,125,000)
7/1/2024	52,629,000	30,651,000	21,978,000	58.2%	2025-26	2,667,000	137,000	(4,011,000)	(1,207,000)
7/1/2025	52,517,000	31,561,000	20,956,000	60.1%	2026-27	2,734,000	123,000	(4,125,000)	(1,268,000)
7/1/2026	52,235,000	32,448,000	19,787,000	62.1%	2027-28	2,804,000	110,000	(4,210,000)	(1,296,000)
7/1/2027	51,783,000	33,331,000	18,452,000	64.4%	2028-29	2,878,000	99,000	(4,277,000)	(1,300,000)
7/1/2028	51,183,000	34,245,000	16,938,000	66.9%	2029-30	2,958,000	89,000	(4,359,000)	(1,312,000)
7/1/2029	50,447,000	35,217,000	15,230,000	69.8%	2030-31	3,042,000	76,000	(4,438,000)	(1,320,000)
7/1/2030	49,555,000	36,241,000	13,314,000	73.1%	2031-32	3,127,000	66,000	(4,485,000)	(1,292,000)
7/1/2031	48,493,000	37,328,000	11,165,000	77.0%	2032-33	3,216,000	58,000	(4,510,000)	(1,236,000)
7/1/2032	47,289,000	38,517,000	8,772,000	81.5%	2033-34	3,308,000	50,000	(4,518,000)	(1,160,000)
7/1/2033	45,960,000	39,843,000	6,117,000	86.7%	2034-35	3,398,000	43,000	(4,493,000)	(1,052,000)
7/1/2034	44,516,000	41,339,000	3,177,000	92.9%	2035-36	3,468,000	38,000	(4,452,000)	(946,000)
7/1/2035	42,986,000	43,047,000	(61,000)	100.1%	2036-37	69,000	32,000	(4,392,000)	(4,291,000)
7/1/2036	41,382,000	44,981,000	(3,599,000)	108.7%	2037-38	67,000	27,000	(4,332,000)	(4,238,000)
7/1/2037	39,721,000	43,590,000	(3,869,000)	109.7%	2038-39	65,000	24,000	(4,246,000)	(4,157,000)
7/1/2038	37,998,000	42,154,000	(4,156,000)	110.9%	2039-40	64,000	19,000	(4,167,000)	(4,084,000)

Section III - Development of Contribution

D. History of Funded Status

Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	Accrued Liability	Unfunded Accrued Liability	Funded Ratio
July 1, 2012	\$19,209,556	\$37,488,499	\$18,278,943	51.2%
July 1, 2013	19,784,562	39,632,512	19,847,950	49.9%
July 1, 2014	21,260,237	41,068,269	19,808,032	51.8%
July 1, 2015	22,679,334	43,168,261	20,488,927	52.5%
July 1, 2016	22,989,316	43,752,056	20,762,740	52.5%
July 1, 2017	23,890,261	43,986,616	20,096,355	54.3%
July 1, 2018	24,845,362	45,735,928	20,890,566	54.3%
July 1, 2019	25,405,242	50,748,114	25,342,872	50.1%

Section III - Development of Contribution

E. History of Town Contributions

Fiscal Year	Actuarially Determined Contribution	Actual Town Contribution	Payroll	Actual Contribution as a Percent of Payroll
2013-14	\$1,452,707	\$1,452,707	\$7,230,177	20.1%
2014-15	1,594,153	1,594,153	6,806,553	23.4%
2015-16	1,622,642	1,622,642	6,886,617	23.6%
2016-17	1,694,689	1,694,689	6,514,492	26.0%
2017-18	1,741,672	1,741,672	6,127,475	28.4%
2018-19	1,753,013	1,753,013	6,114,621	28.7%
2019-20	1,885,253	TBD	5,803,253	TBD
2020-21	2,412,753	TBD	5,437,457	TBD

Section IV - Membership Data

A. Reconciliation of Membership from Prior Valuation

Details of the changes in the Plan membership since the last valuation are shown below. Additional details on the Plan membership are provided in the remainder of Section IV.

	Active Members	Terminated Vested Members	Nonvested Members Due Refunds	Service Retirees	Disabled Retirees	Beneficiaries	Total
Count July 1, 2018	85	4	0	162	1	16	268
Terminated							
- no benefits due	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
- paid refund	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
- vested benefits due	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Retired	(10)	-	-	10	-	-	0
Died							
- with beneficiary	-	-	-	(1)	-	-	(1)
- no beneficiary	-	-	-	(6)	-	-	(6)
Benefits expired	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
New member	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Rehired	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
New Alternate Payee	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
Correction	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Count July 1, 2019	75	4	0	165	1	17	262

Section IV - Membership Data

B. Statistics of Active Membership

	As of July 1, 2018	As of July 1, 2019
Number of Active Members	85	75
Average Age	57.6	57.5
Average Service	20.6	21.8
Total Payroll	\$5,803,253	\$5,437,457
Average Payroll	68,274	72,499

Section IV - Membership Data

C. Statistics of Inactive Membership

	As of July 1, 2018	As of July 1, 2019
Terminated Vested Members		
Number	4	4
Total Annual Benefit	\$49,859	\$49,859
Average Annual Benefit	12,465	12,465
Average Age	52.8	53.8
Nonvested Members Due Refunds		
Number	0	0
Service Retirees		
Number	162	165
Total Annual Benefit	\$2,676,754	\$2,857,346
Average Annual Benefit	16,523	17,317
Average Age	76.1	76.0
Disabled Retirees		
Number	1	1
Total Annual Benefit	\$3,720	\$3,720
Average Annual Benefit	3,720	3,720
Average Age	89.0	90.0
Beneficiaries		
Number	16	17
Total Annual Benefit	\$146,191	\$154,962
Average Annual Benefit	9,137	9,115
Average Age	72.1	73.5

Section IV - Membership Data

D. Distribution of Inactive Members as of July 1, 2019

	Age	Number	Annual Benefits
Terminated Vested Members	< 50	1	\$12,956
	50 - 59	2	24,224
	60 - 69	1	12,679
	70 - 79	0	0
	80 - 89	0	0
	90 +	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
	Total	4	49,859
Service Retirees	< 50	0	\$0
	50 - 59	5	177,007
	60 - 69	43	872,879
	70 - 79	56	1,076,575
	80 - 89	44	618,145
	90 +	<u>17</u>	<u>112,740</u>
	Total	165	2,857,346
Disabled Retirees	< 50	0	\$0
	50 - 59	0	0
	60 - 69	0	0
	70 - 79	0	0
	80 - 89	0	0
	90 +	<u>1</u>	<u>3,720</u>
	Total	1	3,720
Beneficiaries	< 50	0	\$0
	50 - 59	3	34,617
	60 - 69	3	23,408
	70 - 79	5	47,510
	80 - 89	5	46,998
	90 +	<u>1</u>	<u>2,429</u>
	Total	17	154,962

Section V - Analysis of Risk

A. Introduction

The results of this actuarial valuation are based on one set of reasonable assumptions. However, it is almost certain that future experience will not exactly match these assumptions. As an example, the plan's investments may perform better or worse than assumed in any single year and over any longer time horizon. It is therefore important to consider the potential impacts of these likely differences when making decisions that may affect the future financial health of the plan, or of the plan's members.

In addition, as plans mature they accumulate larger pools of assets and liabilities. The increase in size in turn increases the potential magnitude of adverse experience. As an example, the dollar impact of a 10% investment loss on a plan with \$1 billion in assets and liabilities is much greater than the dollar impact for a plan with \$1 million in assets and liabilities. Since pension plans make long-term promises and rely on long-term funding, it is important to consider how mature the plan is today, and how mature it may become in the future.

Actuarial Standard of Practice No. 51 (ASOP 51) directs actuaries to provide pension plan sponsors with information concerning the risks associated with the plan:

- Identify risks that may be significant to the plan.
- Assess the risks identified as significant to the plan. The assessment does not need to include numerical calculations.
- Disclose plan maturity measures and historical information that are significant to understanding the plan's risks.

This section of the report uses the framework of ASOP 51 to communicate important information about significant risks to the plan, the plan's maturity, and relevant historical plan data.

Please see Section III C for more information on the basis for the projected results shown on the following pages.

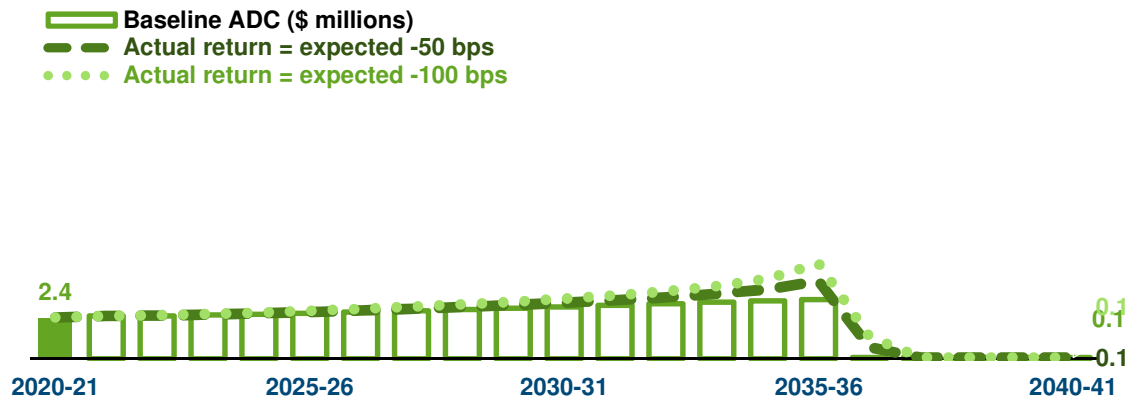
Section V - Analysis of Risk

B. Risk Identification and Assessment

Investment Risk

Definition: This is the potential that investment returns will be different than expected.

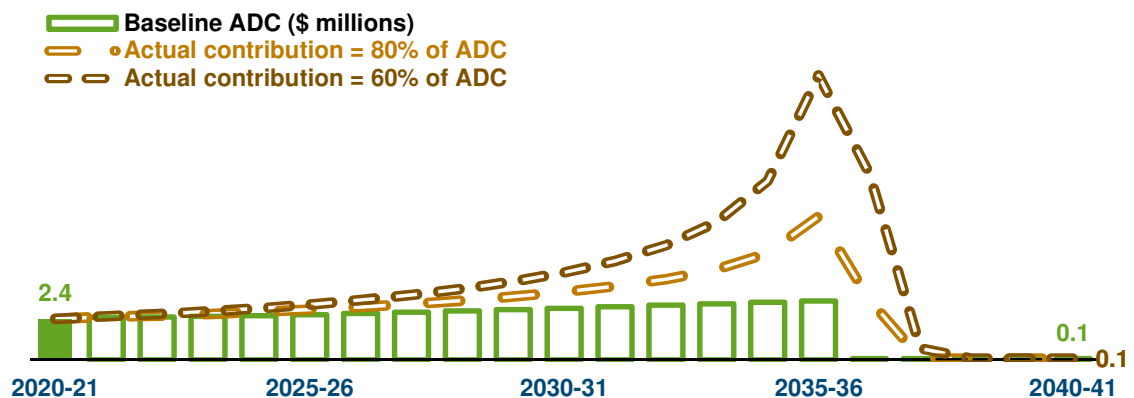
Identification: To the extent that actual investment returns differ from the assumed investment return, the plan's future assets, Actuarially Determined Contributions, and funded status may differ significantly from those presented in this valuation. The consequences of persistent underperformance on future Actuarially Determined Contribution levels are illustrated below:



Contribution Risk

Definition: This is the potential that actual future contributions will be less than the Actuarially Determined Contribution.

Identification: Over the past 6 years, actual contributions have been 100.0% of the Actuarially Determined Contribution in total. The consequences of persistent underfunding on future Actuarially Determined Contribution levels are illustrated below:



Section V - Analysis of Risk

B. Risk Identification and Assessment

Liquidity Risk

Definition: This is the potential that assets must be liquidated at a loss earlier than planned in order to pay for the plan's benefits and operating costs. This risk is heightened for plans with negative cash flows, in which contributions are not sufficient to cover benefit payments plus expenses.

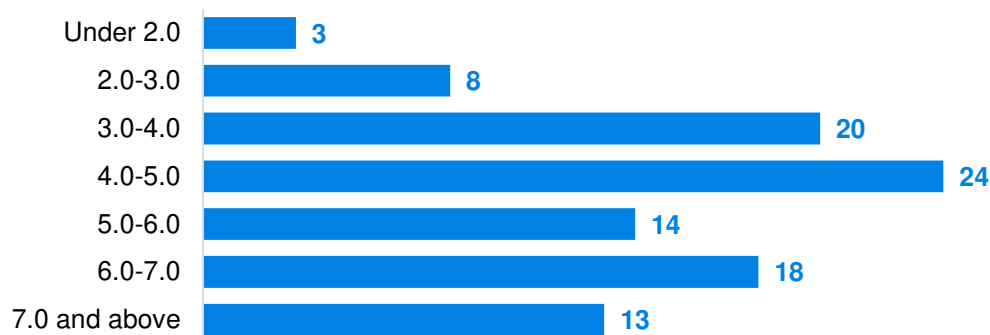
Identification: In 2018-19, the plan had negative cash flow, with town and member contributions to the plan of \$2,003,313 compared to \$2,958,253 of benefit payments and administrative expenses paid out of the plan. We suggest that you consult with your investment advisors with respect to the liquidity characteristics of the plan's investment holdings.

Maturity Risk

Definition: This is the potential for total plan liabilities to become more heavily weighted toward inactive liabilities over time, and for plan assets and/or liabilities to become larger relative to the active member liability.

Identification: The plan is subject to maturity risk because as plan assets and liabilities continue to grow, the dollar impact of any gains or losses on the assets or liabilities also becomes larger.

Assessment: As of July 1, 2019, the plan's Asset Volatility Ratio (the ratio of the market value of plan assets to payroll) is 4.8. According to Milliman's 2018 Public Pension Funding Study, the 100 largest US public pension plans have the following range of Asset Volatility Ratios:



Inflation Risk

Definition: This is the potential for a pension to lose purchasing power over time due to inflation.

Identification: The members of pension plans without fully inflation-indexed benefits are subject to the risk that their purchasing power will be reduced over time due to inflation.

Assessment: This plan does not contain a mechanism to regularly increase benefits after retirement, so members bear all of the inflation risk.

Section V - Analysis of Risk

B. Risk Identification and Assessment

Insolvency Risk

Definition: This is the potential that a plan will become insolvent; that is, assets will be fully depleted.

Identification: If a plan becomes insolvent, contractually required benefits must be paid from the plan sponsor's other remaining assets.

Assessment: Under the GASB 68 depletion date methodology, the plan is not projected to become insolvent. Please see the GASB 68 report for more details on the underlying analysis.

Demographic Risks

Definition: This is the potential that mortality, turnover, retirement, or other demographic experience will be different than expected.

Identification: The pension liabilities reported herein have been calculated by assuming that members will follow patterns of demographic experience as described in Appendix B. If actual demographic experience or future demographic assumptions are different from what is assumed to occur in this valuation, future pension liabilities, Actuarially Determined Contributions, and funded status may differ significantly from those presented in this valuation. Formal Experience Studies performed on a regular basis are helpful in ensuring that the demographic assumptions reflect emerging plan experience.

Pensionable Earnings Risk

Definition: This is the potential for active members to add items to their pensionable earnings and receive pension benefits that are higher than expected.

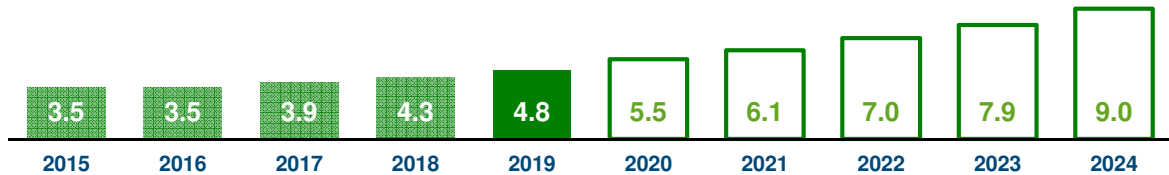
Identification: This plan uses gross earnings to determine pension amounts. To the extent that members have years with substantial amounts of overtime pay, this could put upward pressure on subsequent Actuarially Determined Contributions.

Section V - Analysis of Risk

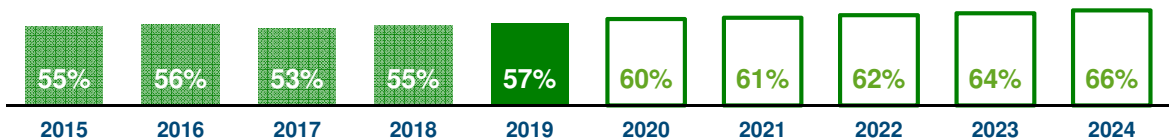
C. Maturity Measures

The metrics presented below are different ways of understanding the plan's maturity level, both in the past and as it is expected to change in the coming years.

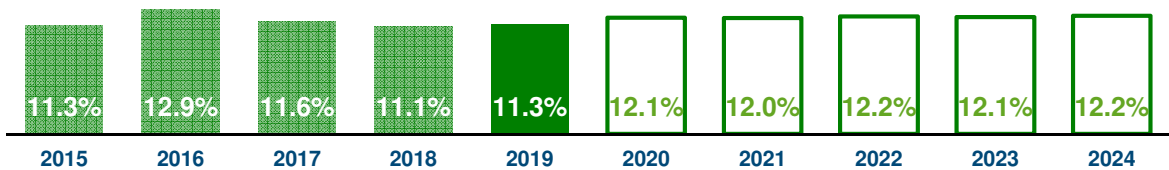
Asset Volatility Ratio: Market Value of Assets compared to Payroll



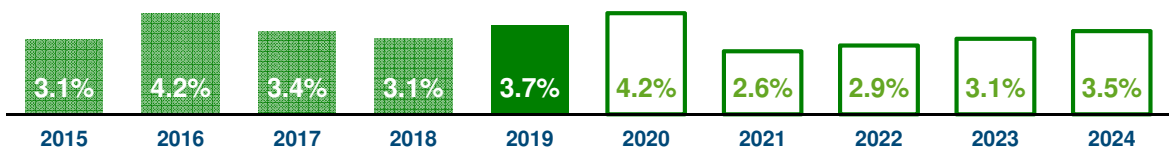
Accrued Liability for members in pay status compared to total Accrued Liability



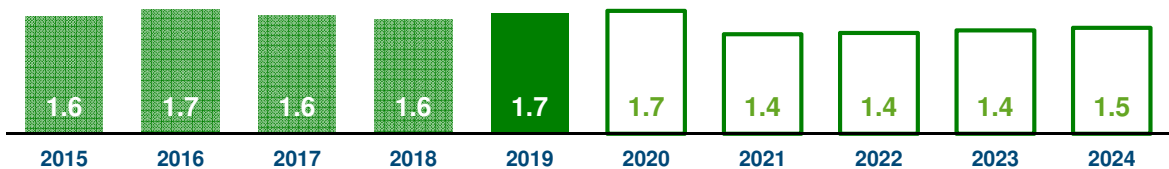
Benefit Payments compared to Market Value of Assets



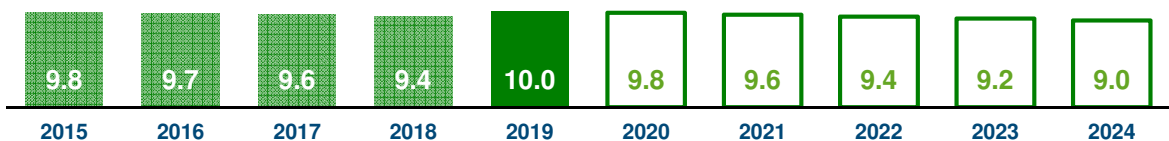
Net Cash Flows compared to Market Value of Assets



Benefit Payments compared to Town Contributions



Duration of Accrued Liability (based on GASB 68 sensitivity disclosures)



Appendix A - Actuarial Funding Method

The actuarial funding method used in the valuation of this Plan is known as the Entry Age Normal Method. The Actuarially Determined Contribution consists of three pieces: Normal Cost plus a Past Service Cost payment to gradually eliminate the Unfunded Accrued Liability plus Interest to reflect the one-year lag between the valuation date and when the contribution is expected to be paid.

The Normal Cost is determined by calculating the present value of future benefits for present active Members that will become payable as the result of death, disability, retirement or termination. This cost is then spread as a level percentage of earnings from entry age to termination as an Active Member. If Normal Costs had been paid at this level for all prior years, a fund would have accumulated. Because this fund represents the portion of benefits that would have been funded to date, it is termed the Accrued Liability. In fact, it is calculated by adding the present value of benefits for Retired Members and Terminated Vested Members to the present value of benefits for Active Members and subtracting the present value of future Normal Cost contributions.

The funding cost of the Plan is derived by making certain specific assumptions as to rates of interest, mortality, turnover, etc. which are assumed to hold for many years into the future. Since actual experience may differ somewhat from the assumptions, the costs determined by the valuation must be regarded as estimates of the true costs of the Plan.

The Unfunded Accrued Liability is the excess of the Accrued Liability over the assets which have been accumulated for the plan. This Unfunded Accrued Liability is amortized as a level percent over a closed period of 30 years starting on July 1, 2005.

The Actuarial Value of Assets is determined by recognizing market gains and losses asymptotically over a five year period.

The long-range forecasts included in this report have been developed by assuming that members will terminate, retire, become disabled, and die according to the actuarial assumptions with respect to these causes of decrement, and that pay increases, cost of living adjustments, and so forth will likewise occur according to the actuarial assumptions.

Appendix B - Actuarial Assumptions

Each of the assumptions used in this valuation was set based on industry standard published tables and data, the particular characteristics of the plan, relevant information from the plan sponsor or other sources about future expectations, and our professional judgment regarding future plan experience. We believe the assumptions are reasonable for the contingencies they are measuring, and are not anticipated to produce significant cumulative actuarial gains or losses over the measurement period.

Interest Rate	6.875% (prior: 7.00%)																
Amortization Growth Rate	3.50%																
Expenses	Administrative expenses paid in the prior year, increased by 3% and rounded to the nearest \$100.																
Salary Scale	3.50%																
Mortality	<p>Current: Pub-2010 Mortality Table for Employees, Healthy Annuitants and Disabled Annuitants with generational projection of future improvements per the MP Ultimate scale. This assumption includes a margin for improvements in longevity beyond the valuation date.</p> <p>Prior: RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table, Male and Female, with generational projection of future mortality improvements per Scale AA.</p>																
Turnover	<p>Rates according to the following table:</p> <table> <tr> <th>Service</th><th>Rate</th></tr> <tr> <td>0-4 years</td><td>10%</td></tr> <tr> <td>5+ years</td><td>5%</td></tr> </table>	Service	Rate	0-4 years	10%	5+ years	5%										
Service	Rate																
0-4 years	10%																
5+ years	5%																
Retirement	<table> <tr> <th>Age</th><th>Rate</th></tr> <tr> <td>55</td><td>3%</td></tr> <tr> <td>56-57</td><td>1%</td></tr> <tr> <td>58</td><td>5%</td></tr> <tr> <td>59-61</td><td>1%</td></tr> <tr> <td>62-64</td><td>20%</td></tr> <tr> <td>65-69</td><td>30%</td></tr> <tr> <td>70</td><td>100%</td></tr> </table>	Age	Rate	55	3%	56-57	1%	58	5%	59-61	1%	62-64	20%	65-69	30%	70	100%
Age	Rate																
55	3%																
56-57	1%																
58	5%																
59-61	1%																
62-64	20%																
65-69	30%																
70	100%																
Disability	11th Railroad Retirement Board Disability Rates.																
Marital Status	80% of members are assumed to be married with wives 3 years younger than husbands.																

Appendix C - Summary of Plan Provisions

This exhibit summarizes the major provisions of the Plan. It is not intended to be, nor should it be interpreted as a complete statement of all plan provisions. All eligibility requirements and benefit amounts shall be determined in strict accordance with the plan document itself. To the extent that this summary does not accurately reflect the plan provisions, then the results of this valuation may not be accurate.

Eligibility	Employed for twenty or more hours a week for more than 5 months per calendar year. Effective January 1, 2007, the Plan is closed to new members.
Final Average Earnings	Highest average gross earnings received in any three full calendar years.
Continuous Service	Period of continuous employment with the Town beginning with the first of the month following date of employment.
Aggregate Service	The sum of all periods of Continuous Service.
Member's Contributions	4.5% of after tax Earnings. Interest is credited at 4% per annum. Refund of Employee Contributions with interest to date of termination of employment or death, unless the employee is eligible for a deferred retirement income.
Normal Form of Benefit	Modified Cash Refund.
Normal Retirement Date	Earlier of age 63 or completion of 25 years of service.
Normal Retirement Benefit	1.7% of Final Average Earnings multiplied by years of Aggregate Service through July 1, 1990 plus 2% of Final Average Earnings multiplied by years of Aggregate Service since July 1, 1990, with a minimum of \$750 per year.
Early Retirement Date	Age 55, and 5 years of Continuous Service or 15 years of Aggregate Service.
Early Retirement Benefit	Accrued Benefit, actuarially reduced if payments begin prior to the member's 58th birthday.
Death Benefit Eligibility	Married Member (of at least one year) or with minor children. Age 30 with 5 years of Continuous Service.
Death Benefit	35% of benefit accrued to date of death.
Disability Retirement Eligibility	Five years of Aggregate Service and not eligible for benefits under the Long Term Disability Contract.
Disability Retirement Benefit	Accrued Benefit, not less than \$1,000 per year, payable to the earlier of the end of disability, death or Normal Retirement Date.

Appendix C - Summary of Plan Provisions

**Termination Benefit
Eligibility**

Five years of Continuous Service or 15 years of Aggregate Service.

Termination Benefit

Benefit accrued to date of termination with payment commencing on Normal Retirement Date.

Appendix D - Glossary

Actuarial Cost Method - This is a procedure for determining the Actuarial Present Value of Benefits and allocating it to time periods to produce the Actuarial Accrued Liability and the Normal Cost.

Accrued Liability - This is the portion of the Actuarial Present Value of Benefits attributable to periods prior to the valuation date by the Actuarial Cost Method (i.e., that portion not provided by future Normal Costs).

Actuarial Assumptions - With any valuation of future benefits, assumptions of anticipated future events are required. If actual events differ from the assumptions made, the actual cost of the plan will vary as well. Some examples of key assumptions include the interest rate, salary scale, and rates of mortality, turnover and retirement.

Actuarial Present Value of Benefits - This is the present value, as of the valuation date, of future payments for benefits and expenses under the Plan, where each payment is: a) multiplied by the probability of the event occurring on which the payment is conditioned, such as the probability of survival, death, disability, termination of employment, etc.; and b) discounted at the assumed interest rate.

Actuarial Value of Assets - This is the value of cash, investments and other property belonging to the plan, typically adjusted to recognize investment gains or losses over a period of years to dampen the impact of market volatility on the Actuarially Determined Contribution.

Actuarially Determined Contribution ("ADC") - This is the employer's periodic contributions to a defined benefit plan, calculated in accordance with actuarial standards of practice.

Attribution Period - The period of an employee's service to which the expected benefit obligation for that employee is assigned. The beginning of the attribution period is the employee's date of hire and costs are spread across all employment.

Interest Rate - This is the long-term expected rate of return on any investments set aside to pay for the benefits. In a financial reporting context (e.g., GASB 68) this is termed the Discount Rate.

Normal Cost - This is the portion of the Actuarial Present Value of Benefits allocated to a valuation year by the Actuarial Cost Method.

Past Service Cost - This is a catch-up payment to fund the Unfunded Accrued Liability over time (generally 10 to 30 years). A closed amortization period is a specific number of years counted from one date and reducing to zero with the passage of time; an open amortization period is one that begins again or is recalculated at each valuation date. Also known as the Amortization Payment.

Return on Plan Assets - This is the actual investment return on plan assets during the fiscal year.

Unfunded Accrued Liability - This is the excess of the Accrued Liability over the Actuarial Value of Assets.